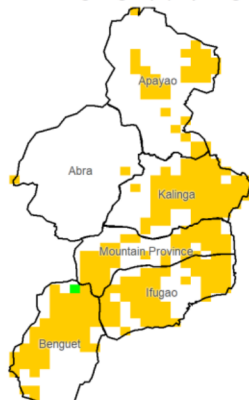
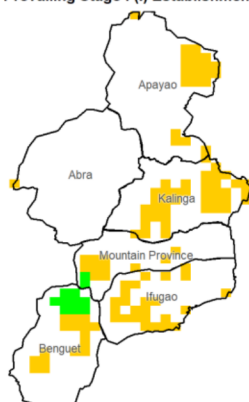


Cordillera Administrative Region

Water Availability for Rice
Prevailing Stage : (IV) Ripening



Water Availability for Corn
Prevailing Stage : (I) Establishment



Provincial Values

	Mon. Ave. Rainfall (mm)	Rice CS	Rice CCI (%)		Corn CS	Corn CCI (%)	
			I	II		I	II
Abra	17.8	I	0.7	I	0.0		
		II	0.6	II	0.0		
		III	0.6	III	0.0		
		IV	1.1	IV	0.0		
Apayao	16.4	I	0.6	I	0.9		
		II	0.5	II	0.5		
		III	0.5	III	0.4		
		IV	1.0	IV	0.5		
Benguet	32.3	I	10.9	I	33.2		
		II	9.8	II	24.1		
		III	9.3	III	18.6		
		IV	15.9	IV	23.9		
Ifugao	13.5	I	1.4	I	1.6		
		II	1.2	II	1.0		
		III	1.2	III	0.7		
		IV	2.2	IV	1.0		
Kalinga	21.4	I	1.9	I	5.1		
		II	1.7	II	3.1		
		III	1.6	III	2.2		
		IV	3.2	IV	3.1		
Mountain Province	32.3	I	8.9	I	30.9		
		II	7.9	II	21.2		
		III	7.5	III	15.8		
		IV	13.7	IV	20.9		

Crop Stage (CS) highlighted in black to the dominant stage during the month of April

Rice CS: (I) Nursery, (II) Vegetative, (III) Reproductive, (IV) Ripening

Corn CS: (I) Establishment, (II) Vegetative, (III) Reproductive, (IV) Maturity

CCI Category: Inadequate (Yellow), Sufficient (Green), Excess (Blue)

Regional Summary

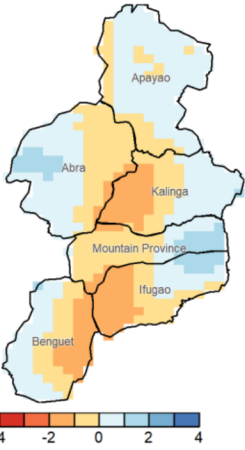
The region's monthly rainfall was inadequate to support rice and corn crops, potentially damaging both crops at any cropping stage. This may reduce rice production during the Ripening stage and adversely affect corn during Establishment stage.

Slightly drier than normal conditions were experienced in some areas of Kalinga, Benguet, and Ifugao, and generally near normal conditions for the rest of the region based on the three-month Standardized Precipitation-Evapotranspiration Index (SPEI3) map. There was no significant extreme rainfall experienced for the month that could potentially impose damage on crops for the entire region, according to the maximum 1-day (RX1day) and maximum 5-day (RX5day) rainfall indices.

NDVI

NDVI satellite data not yet available.

SPEI3 (Feb-Mar-Apr)



RX1day



RX5day

